

EML: Submission and Discovery of Ecological Metadata

Corinna Gries, Peter McCartney, Robin Schoeninger, Amy Sundermier EML: Ecological Metadata Language

a working draft of the metadata standards developed by the ASU BDI research project in conjunction with the LTER network for Biocomplexity (KNB) Project at the National Center for Environmental Analysis and Synthesis (NCEAS). It includes the management of and access to ecological data. The approach taken here is to represent generic descriptors are positioned close to the root of the tree, and more specific ones at the ends of the tree. The design and implementation is XML (eXtensible Markup Language) - a revolutionary hierarchical data structuring language. It is based on the standards organizations (Federal Geographic Data Committee FGDC, International Biological Information Infrastructure NBII).

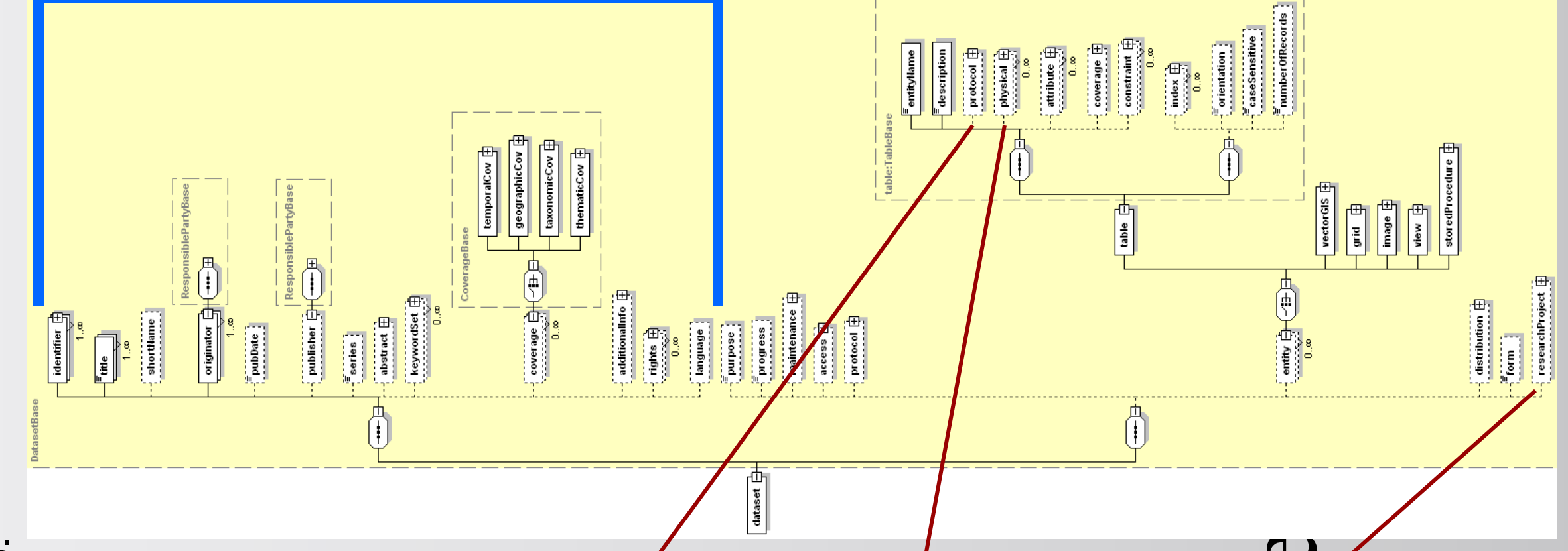
The design concept then identifies source. The design concept then identifies source. The design concept then identifies source.

as shown here), collection, model, software, as own descriptive schema that extends the y describing everything as a "resource," our classes of resource at once.

Protocol contains information about methods, software, equipment, and QA/QC procedures employed

Physical description of physical location of the entity and how to obtain access

Research Project information about the site, experimental design and research staff



g built after the model of tax entry programs. enter data into appropriate fields, pulls metadata compiled by certain other programs (e.g. the input, reverse engineering, and conversion EML file or loaded into a database.

Kanthoria Web Application

The Generated EML

This research is supported by National Science Foundation - Biological Data Infrastructure grant # 9983132